

Forward Looking Statement

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This presentation contains forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements are neither historical facts nor assurances of future performance. Instead, they are based on our current beliefs, expectations and assumptions regarding the future of our business, our future plans and strategies, our clinical results and other future conditions. All statements other than statements of historical facts contained in this presentation, including statements regarding future results of operations and financial position, business strategy, current and prospective markets or products, clinical activities, regulatory approvals, degree of market acceptance, and plans and objectives of management for future operations, are forward-looking statements. The words "may," "will," "should," "expect," "plan," "anticipate," "could," "intend," "target," "project," "estimate," "believe," "predict," "potential" or "continue" or the negative of these terms or other similar expressions are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain these identifying words.

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In addition, projections, assumptions and estimates of our future performance and the future performance of the markets in which we operate are necessarily subject to a high degree of uncertainty and risk.

By attending or receiving this presentation you acknowledge that you will be solely responsible for your own assessment of the market and our market position and that you will conduct your own analysis and be solely responsible for forming your own view of the potential future performance of our business.





Establishing an **entirely new** minimally invasive procedure

Moving toward **standard of care** with growing clinical evidence base





Relentless Focus on Patient Outcomes Every patient. Every day.



2020 Strategic Priorities



U.S. TCAR Commercial Execution

Broaden adoption and deepen penetration while maintaining outcomes



TCAR Label Expansion

Establish regulatory and reimbursement strategy for Standard Surgical Risk



Pipeline Development

Outline pipeline products and clinical strategies



Recent Commentary on COVID-19 Pandemic Impact

Q1 2020 Commentary

Mid-March:

ACS/CMS guidance to defer procedures (but not Sx)¹

2nd half of March:

average daily procedures decreased considerably

Q2 2020 Commentary

1st half of April:

decline in average daily procedures persisted

2nd half of April:

stabilization in average daily procedures

Long Term Commentary

- We believe many of the deferred procedures will be performed
- Carotid artery disease is a chronic, progressive disease that steadily gets worse over time
- Certain physicians are implementing TCAR as their preferred treatment given its efficiencies

S

COVID-19 Pandemic Response

Supporting
Customers &
Business
Continuity



- "Essential business"
- Sufficient finished goods inventory on hand
- Maintaining valuable and talented workforce
- Field team remains available in-person and virtually
- Continuing with planned investments to drive growth

Preserving Financial Flexibility

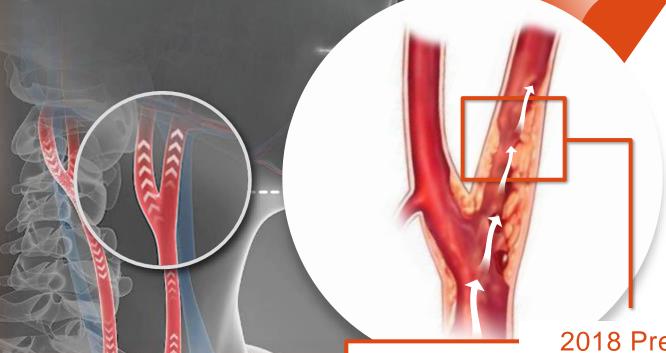


- Reduced travel and meeting expenses due to pandemic
- Reduced nonessential SG&A and slowed hiring initiatives
- Some expenses are being deferred to later periods



Carotid Artery Disease -

33% of Ischemic Strokes



Cause of stroke:



Plaque fragments break off and move to brain

2018 Prevalence

4.3M people in US have carotid stenosis



A ~\$2.6B Annual US Treatment Opportunity in 2018

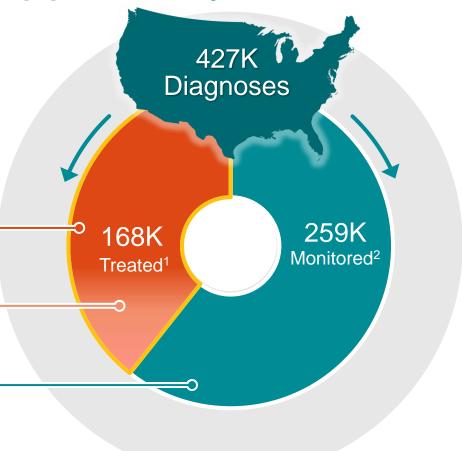
Greenfield opportunity

Convert current procedures \$1.0B Established market with suboptimal treatments

\$340M Standard Surgical Risk, ~1/3 or 57k procedures

2 Treat today's untreated TCAR changes risk / reward

\$1.6B



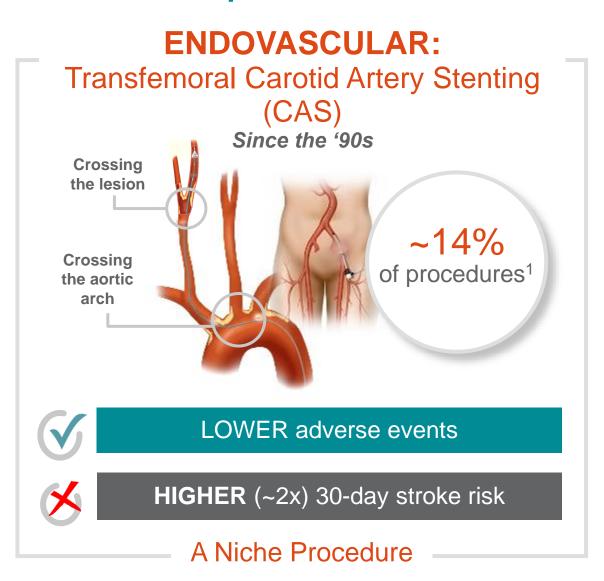


Source: Modus Health Group data for 2017 and 2018; note: US opportunity calculated as procedure volume multiplied by average sales price of each TCAR product (1 unit each) ¹ Treated with CEA, CAS, or TCAR; does not include patients who undergo medical management alone; Includes both standard and high surgical risk

² Includes patients who did not undergo a surgical or endovascular procedure in 2018 and were instead monitored and treated with medical management alone

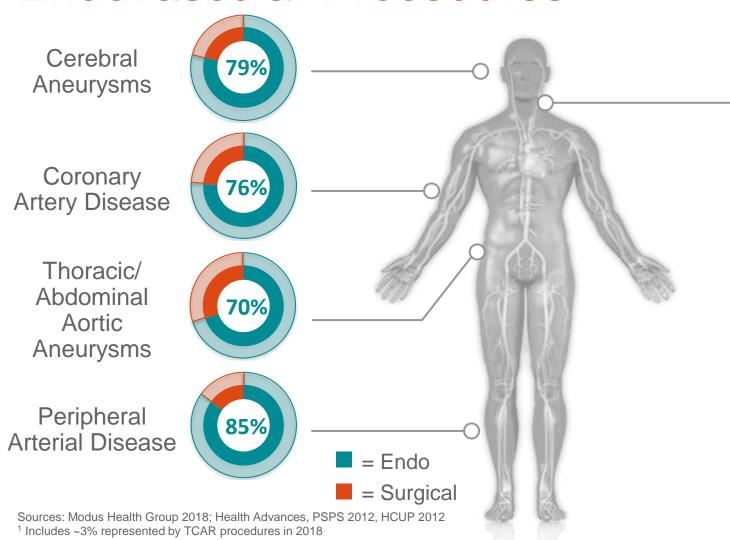
Unacceptable Treatment Options

SURGICAL: Carotid Endarterectomy (CEA) 65 years ~83% of procedures HIGHER RATE of procedural complications **LOW** 30-day stroke risk A Dated Standard of Care



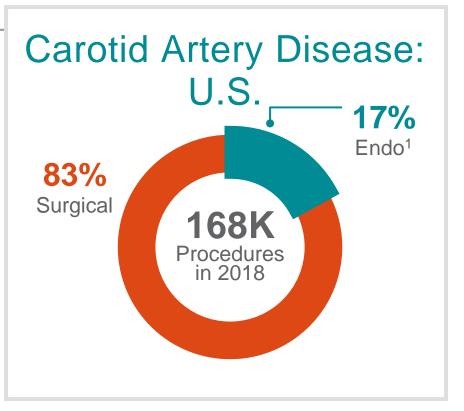
The New Normal:

Endovascular Procedures



THE LAST FRONTIER:

Open to Endo Conversion

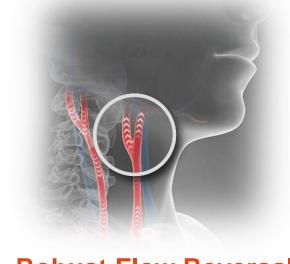




TCAR is **the** Solution

Paradigm Shift to Transcarotid







Procedural Advantages

Minimally Invasive

Exquisite Neuroprotection

Short Learning Curve

Meaningful Benefits

Low In-Hospital and 30-Day Stroke/Death Rates

Reduction in Complications¹

Shorter Length of Stay²

Reduction in Procedure Time²

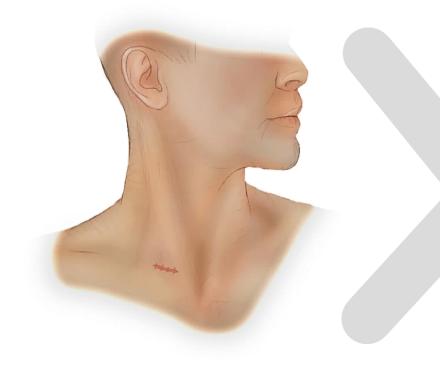
Ground-breaking innovations driving favorable patient outcomes and improved provider quality and economics



¹ Reduction in In-Hospital and 30-Day Adverse Events

² As compared to CEA

TCAR Carotid-Specific Design, Dedicated Portfolio



ENROUTE® Transcarotid
Stent System
Helps Protect the Brain
After the Procedure

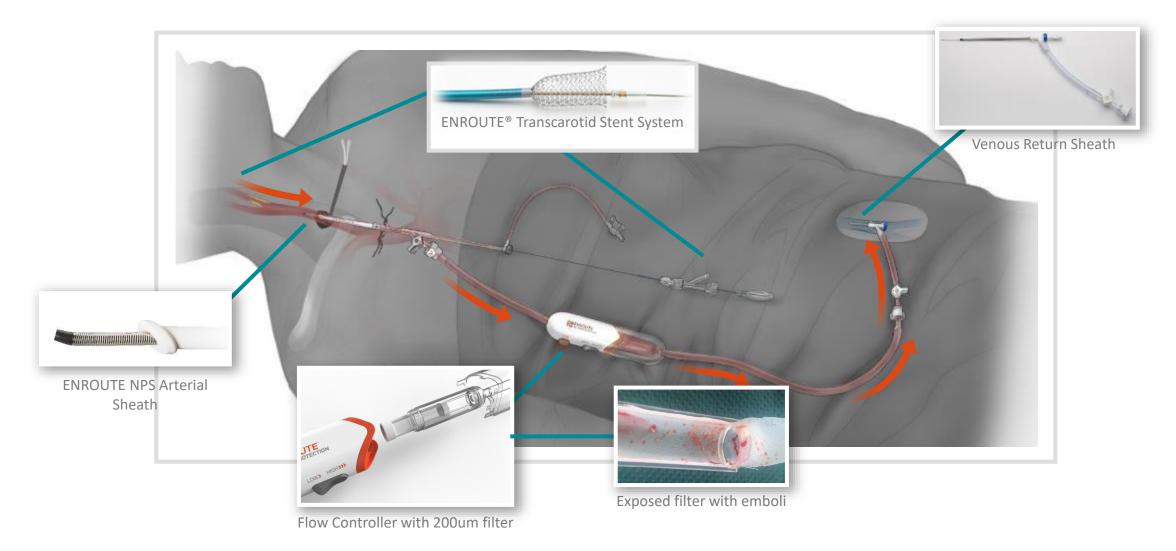
ENHANCE®
Transcarotid Peripheral
Access Kit

ENROUTE® Transcarotid
Neuroprotection System (NPS)
Helps Protect the Brain
During the Procedure

ENROUTE®
0.014" Guidewire

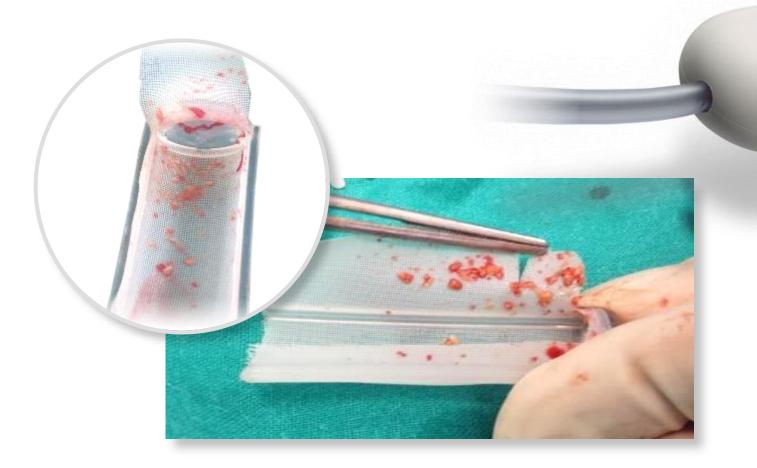


ENROUTE® Stent & Transcarotid Neuroprotection System in Action





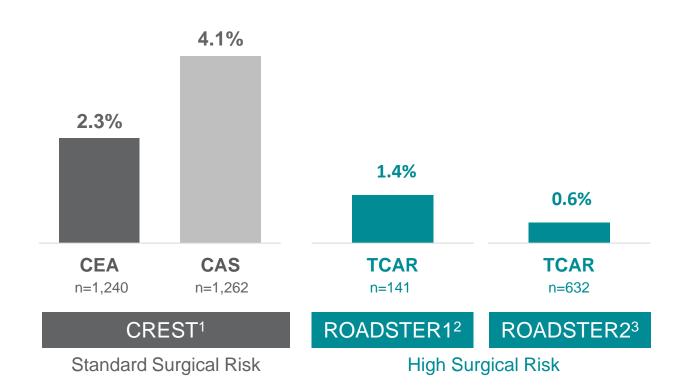
The proof is in the filter



~19,000 TCAR procedures worldwide¹



Growing Clinical Evidence 30 Day Stroke



Confirms Short Learning Curve

80% of enrolled physicians new to TCAR

Low Rates of 30-Day MAEs

Stroke/Death/MI (1.7%), Stroke/Death (0.8%), acute CNI (1.3%) and permanent CNI (0.5%)

Low 30-Day Stroke Rate in Vulnerable Sub-Groups

Symptomatic (0.6%), Female (0.5%) and Age>=75 (1.1%)

Note: ROADSTER2 data per FDA Analysis (Per Protocol)



¹ N Engl J Med 2010; 363:11-23

² J Vasc Surg 2015;62:1227-35; ROADSTER outcomes presented on an "intention to treat" basis

³ Kashyap, Vikram. "Analysis of the Early Outcomes in the ROADSTER-2 Clinical Trial of Transcarotid Artery Revascularization in Patients with Significant Carotid Artery Disease". Presentation, Society for Vascular Surgery 2019 Vascular Annual Meeting, National Harbor, MD, June 15, 2019.

Note: Major adverse events (MAEs); myocardial infarction (MI); cranial nerve injury (CNI)

TCAR Surveillance Project (TSP)

Trial Design and Purpose

- Ongoing, open-ended real-world surveillance
- High Surgical Risk patients
- Evaluate safety and effectiveness of TCAR vs. CEA (and CAS)
- Societal effort managed by SVS* and participating VQI* hospitals
- CMS coverage within the parameters of the existing NCD

Outcome Measures



In-hospital stroke, death, and stroke/death



Myocardial infarction and cranial nerve injury



One-year ipsilateral stroke or death



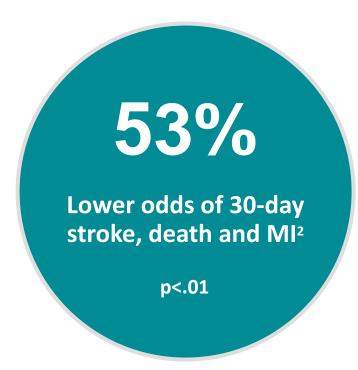
Procedure time; length of stay



TCAR Continues to Show Benefits over CEA

Results for 5,160 patients in each group¹ presented at VAM

In a matched population, TCAR shows...



87%

Lower odds in-hospital cranial nerve injury³

p<.001



...compared to CEA



¹ Malas, Mahmoud. "Outcomes of TransCarotid Artery Revascularization (TCAR) versus Carotid Endarterectomy (CEA) in the TCAR Surveillance Project." Presentation, Society for Vascular Surgery 2019 Vascular Annual Meeting, National Harbor, MD, June 13, 2019

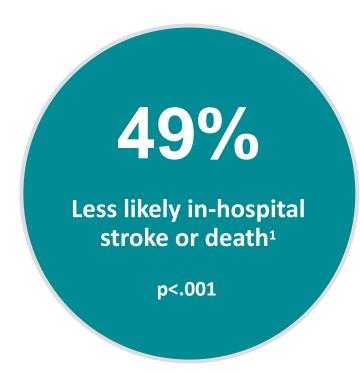
² 30-day outcomes data based on a separate risk adjusted analysis

³ Outcomes data represent propensity score, in-hospital outcomes

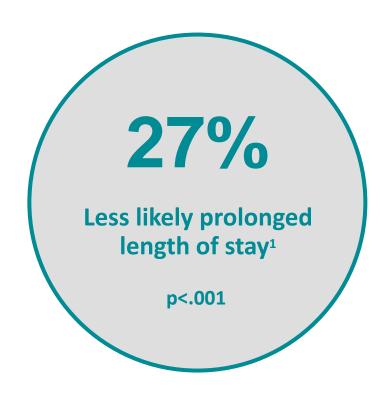
Benefits of TCAR over CAS

Results for 3,286 TSP patients in each group¹ published in JAMA

In a matched population, TCAR shows...







...compared to CAS

¹ Marc L. Schermerhorn, MD, Patric Liang, MD, Jens Eldrup-Jorgensen, MD, et al. Revascularization vs Transfemoral Carotid Artery Stenting with Stroke or Death among Patients with Carotid Artery Stenosis. The Journal of the American Medical Association. 2019; 322(23):2313-2322. DOI: 10.1001/jama.2019.18441. Outcomes data represent propensity score outcomes.

² Technical failure defined as unable to access CCA, unable to cross carotid lesion, and unable to deploy stent



Easy-to-Learn Procedure

with Many Physicians Trained

Decreasing operative time with experience...

82 minutes









<5 cases

Novice



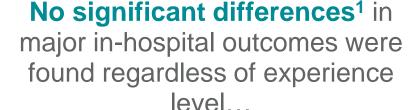






>30 cases

Expert





Stroke



Death



Composite stroke/death/MI



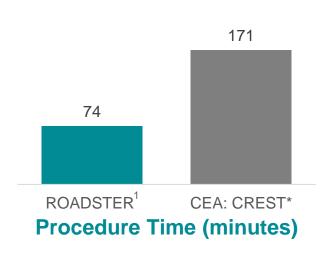
¹ Expert physicians were more likely to treat patients with moderate or severe congestive heart failure, novice and intermediate physicians were more likely to treat patients with prior CEA or CAS, and advanced and expert physicians were more likely to treat patients with CMS medical high-risk criteria.



TCAR: Established Codes and Payment

| Physician: CPT Code | | | |
|---------------------|-------|---------|--|
| TCAR | 37215 | \$1,050 | |
| CEA | 35301 | \$1,187 | |

| Hospital: ICD-10 Codes | | |
|------------------------|-------------|----------|
| TCAR | DRGs 034-36 | \$13,850 |
| CEA | DRGs 037-39 | \$9,360 |



26%

Lower odds of hospital stay

>1 day²

Medicare national average payment levels for CPT and DRG figures in 2020 *Standard Surgical Risk patients (ROADSTER High Surgical Risk)



¹ J Vasc Surg 2015;62:1227-35; ROADSTER outcomes presented on an "intention to treat" basis

² Malas, Mahmoud. "Outcomes of TransCarotid Artery Revascularization (TCAR) versus Carotid Endarterectomy (CEA) in the TCAR Surveillance Project." Presentation, Society for Vascular Surgery 2019 Vascular Annual Meeting, National Harbor, MD, June 13, 2019. Outcomes data represent propensity score, in-hospital outcomes.

Procedure Margin

Economic value proposition easily understood by Value Analysis Committees



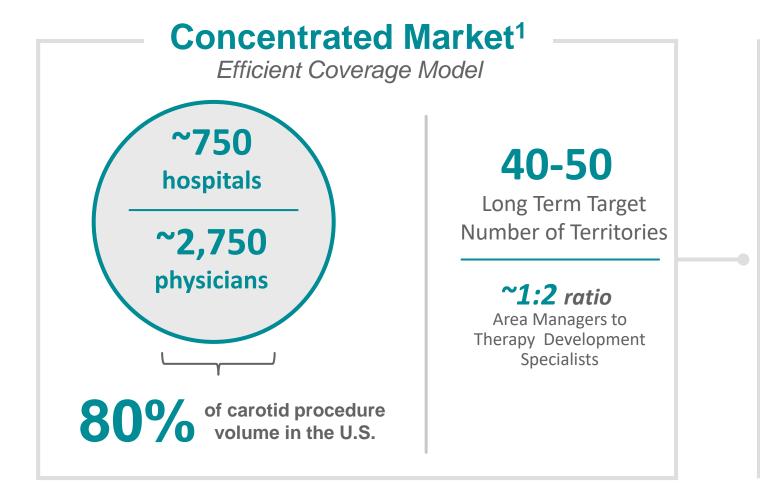
Hospital stay margin: TCAR furthers the economic advantage by reducing in-hospital complications and length of stay

Source: Health Advances and company analysis



¹ Procedure costs include OR time, devices, medication, overhead, etc.

Commercial Strategy: Efficient Go-to-Market



2019 Results *Territories* ~640 Accounts Physicians trained Procedures performed >8,400 in the U.S.

¹ Data as of 12/31/18 (Source: Independent 3rd Party Market Data)

Attractive Business Model

Procedural Sale

4 Products
1 Procedure
Full Procedure
ASP

ENROUTE® Transcarotid
Stent System

ENROUTE®
0.014" Guidewire

Compelling Gross Margins

74%1

ENROUTE® Transcarotid Neuroprotection System

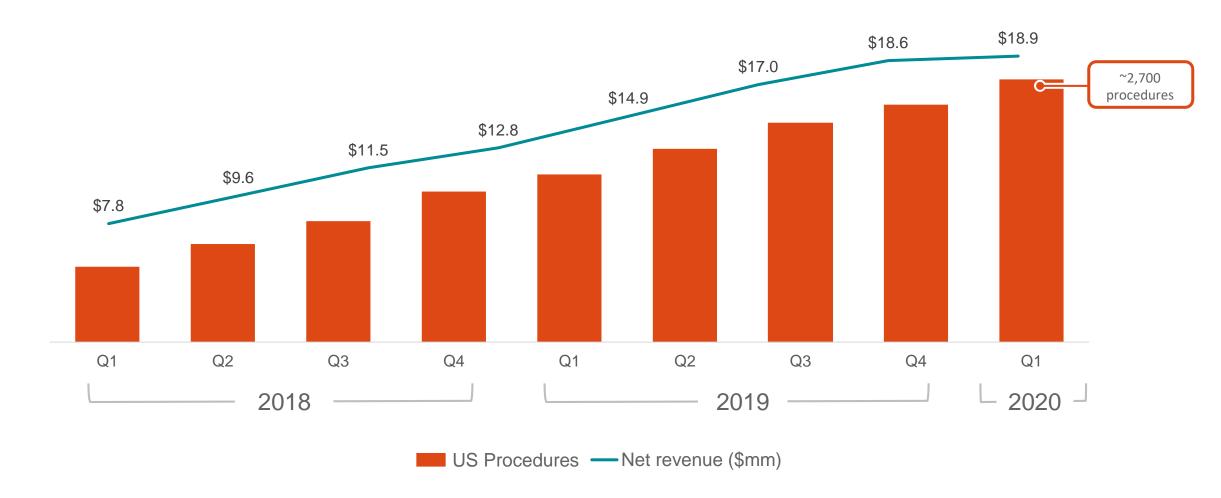
ENHANCE®

SILKROAD

¹ Trailing twelve months ended March 31, 2020

Growing TCAR Adoption

Utilization-Driven Revenue





Solid Financial Profile

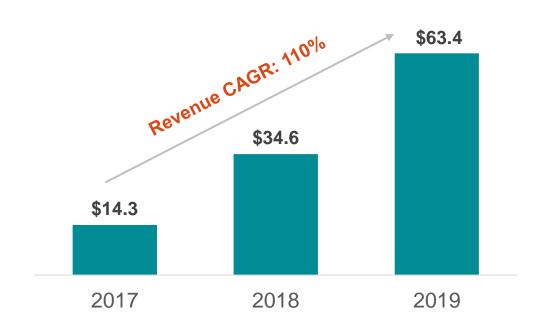
Quarterly Revenue¹

(\$ millions)



Annual Revenue and Procedures²

(\$ millions)



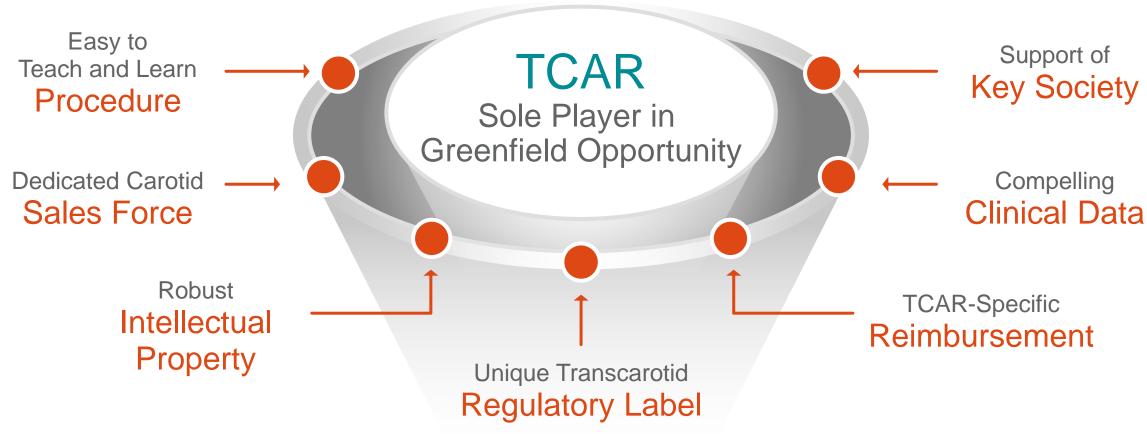


¹ Represents three-months ended March 31, 2020 compared to three-months ended March 31, 2019

² Represents compound annual growth rate from twelve-months ended December 30, 2017 through December 30, 2019

Building and Maintaining

a Sustainable Competitive Advantage









Built For Size and Scale

Proven Management Team





Med360, Visiogen, Boston Sci, Target

The Vertical Group, Medtronic, E&Y

| Andrew Davis | EVP Global Sales & Marketing | Medtronic, Acelity, Boston Scientific |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Richard Ruedy | EVP Clinical, Reg, Quality | Abbott, Nevro, Edwards, Medtronic, Cardica, Acta |
| Alison Highlander | VP Human Resources | Roche, SRI, Atomic Tangerine |
| Bob Nicholas | VP Operations and Engineering | Cardiokinetix, Stryker, Concentric, Heartport |
| Tammy Leitsinger | VP Med Affairs & Prof Education | Cordis, J&J |

SILKROAD MEDICAL®